- 1 FILE DDFB
- 33 FILE DDFU
- 2 FILE DGENE
- 1 FILE DISSABS
- 1 FILE DRUGB
- 56 FILE DRUGU
- 4 FILE EMBAL
- 1022 FILE EMBASE
  - 35 FILE ESBIOBASE
  - 13 FILE IFIPAT
  - 1 FILE IMSDRUGNEWS
  - 16 FILE IPA
  - 2 FILE JICST-EPLUS
  - 8 FILE LIFESCI
  - 86 FILE MEDLINE
  - 26 FILE NLDB
  - 99 FILE PASCAL
  - 6 FILE PHARMAML
  - 28 FILE PHIN
  - 100 FILE SCISEARCH
- 122 FILE TOXCENTER
- 135 FILE USPATFULL
- 29 FILE USPAT2
- 2 FILE DPCI
- 2 FILE ENCOMPPAT
- 18 FILE EPFULL

### 42 FILES SEARCHED...

- 1 FILE INPADOC
- 1 FILE JAPIO
- 115 FILE PCTFULL
- 23 FILE PROUSDDR
- 31 FILE WPIDS
- 31 FILE WPINDEX
- 38 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 70 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX
- L1 QUE ANTIDEPRESSANT AND (ATYPICAL(W) ANTIPSYCHOTIC)

=> file biosis embase medline pascal scisearch toxcenter uspatfull pctfull COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

97.19

1.83

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 14:14:26 ON 13 JUL 2006

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FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 14:14:26 ON 13 JUL 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Univentio

- => s antidepressant and (atypical(w)antipsychotic)
- L2 1823 ANTIDEPRESSANT AND (ATYPICAL(W) ANTIPSYCHOTIC)
- => s L2 and (major(w)depressive(w)disorder)
- L3 106 L2 AND (MAJOR(W) DEPRESSIVE(W) DISORDER)
- => s L3 not py>2002
- L4 23 L3 NOT PY>2002
- => dup rem L4

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

L5 12 DUP REM L4 (11 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

- => d L5 1-12 ti
- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Combination treatment for anxiety and depression
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Combination treatment for anxiety, depression, obsessive compulsive disorder and psychosis
- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Method of treating Bulimia Nervosa and related eating disorders by administration of atypical antipsychotic medications
- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Administration of carvedilol to mitigate tardive movement disorders, psychosis, mania, and depression
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI An open study of olanzapine and fluoxetine for psychotic major depressive disorder: Interim analyses.
- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN DUPLICATE 2
- TI An open pilot study combining risperidone and a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor as initial antidepressant therapy.
- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN DUPLICATE 3
- TI Treatment strategies in achieving remission in major depressive disorder.
- L5 ANSWER 8 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN DUPLICATE 4
- TI Topiramate for reversing atypical antipsychotic weight gain.
- L5 ANSWER 9 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Combination therapy for treatment of psychoses
- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 12 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
- TIEN A METHOD OF TREATING BULIMIA NERVOSA AND RELATED EATING DISORDERS BY ADMINISTRATION OF ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDICATIONS
- TIFR TRAITEMENT DE LA BOULIMIE ET DE TROUBLES DE L'ALIMENTATION ASSOCIES PAR ADMINISTRATION D'ANTIPSYCHOTIQUES ATYPIQUES
- L5 ANSWER 11 OF 12 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
- TIEN COMBINATION THERAPY FOR TREATMENT OF PSYCHOSES

### TIFR THERAPIE COMBINEE DESTINEE AU TRAITEMENT DE PSYCHOSES

- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on
- TI Clozapine for the treatment of agitated-depressed patients with cognitive impairment: A report of three cases.

## => d L5 1 2 3 5 6 7 10 12 ti abs bib

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Combination treatment for anxiety and depression
- The present invention relates to a method of treating depression or anxiety in a mammal, including a human, by administering to the mammal a GABA-A alpha 2/3 agonist in combination with an SRI antidepressant agent with improvement in efficacy. It also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, a GABA-A alpha 2/3 agonist, and an SRI antidepressant agent.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- AN 2002:295171 USPATFULL
- TI Combination treatment for anxiety and depression
- IN Howard, Harry R., JR., Bristol, CT, UNITED STATES
- PA Pfizer Inc. (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 2002165217 A1 20021107
- AI US 2002-75847 A1 20020213 (10)
- PRAI US 2001-287821P 20010501 (60)
- DT Utility
- FS APPLICATION
- LREP PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR STOP 49, NEW YORK, NY, 10017-5612
- CLMN Number of Claims: 30
- ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
- DRWN No Drawings
- LN.CNT 1613
- CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Combination treatment for anxiety, depression, obsessive compulsive disorder and psychosis
- AB The present invention relates to a method of treating depression, obsessive compulsive disorder and psychosis in a mammal, including a human, by administering to the mammal an atypical antipsychotic in combination with an antidepressant agent with improvement in efficiency. It also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, an atypical antipsychotic, and an SRI.

# CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- AN 2002:228330 USPATFULL
- TI Combination treatment for anxiety, depression, obsessive compulsive disorder and psychosis
- IN Howard, Harry R., JR., Bristol, CT, UNITED STATES
- PA Pfizer Inc. (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 2002123490 A1 20020905
- AI US 2001-10651 A1 20011206 (10)
- PRAI US 2001-272619P 20010301 (60)
- DT Utility
- FS APPLICATION
- LREP PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR STOP 49, NEW YORK, NY, 10017-5612
- CLMN Number of Claims: 30
- ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
- DRWN No Drawings

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Method of treating Bulimia Nervosa and related eating disorders by administration of atypical antipsychotic medications
- AB The invention relates to a method of treating non-psychotic disorders by administration of atypical antipsychotic medications, in particular, risperidone. More specifically, the invention relates to a method of treating the eating disorder Bulimia Nervosa and Bulimia-related eating disorders, by administration of antipsychotic medications from the group of compounds designated as atypical antipsychotic mediations. Typical dosage amounts may range from 0.1 milligrams to 4 milligrams per day and may be administered in any dosage forms known in the art, including, but not limited to oral, intramuscular, rectal, transdermal, sustained release forms, controlled release forms, delayed release forms, and response release forms.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- AN 2002:122628 USPATFULL
- TI Method of treating Bulimia Nervosa and related eating disorders by administration of atypical antipsychotic medications
- IN Guadagno, Gina, Cincinnati, OH, United States Star, Jodi M., Cincinnati, OH, United States
- PA The Cincinnati Children's Hospital Research Foundation, Cincinnati, OH, United States (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6395727 B1 20020528
- AI US 2000-531129 20000317 (9)
- PRAI US 1999-124952P 19990318 (60)
- DT Utility
- FS GRANTED
- EXNAM Primary Examiner: Criares, Theodore J.
- LREP White, Loy M., Goldstein, Steven J.
- CLMN Number of Claims: 20
- ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
- DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
- LN.CNT 560
- CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI An open study of olanzapine and fluoxetine for psychotic major depressive disorder: Interim analyses.
- Background: Although atypical antipsychotic agents are AB commonly used in the treatment of psychotic depression, there are no published prospective studies on their use in this condition. The aim of this study was to assess, by interim analyses, the efficacy of the atypical antipsychotic agent olanzapine in combination with the selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor antidepressant agent fluoxetine. Method: We enrolled 27 patients (17 women [63.0%] and 10 men [37.0%]; mean ± SD age: 41.2 ± 14.7 years) with DSM-IV-defined major depressive disorder with psychotic features into an open trial of olanzapine, 5 to 20 mg/day, plus fluoxetine, 20 to 80 mg/day. Patients were assessed at each visit with the 17-item Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression and both the psychotic and mood modules of the Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV Axis I Disorders, Patient Edition. We are reporting the results of the first 6 weeks of treatment. Results: Twenty-two (81.5%) of the 27 enrolled patients completed the 6-week open trial, and 5 (18.5%) dropped out, with only 2 (7.4%) dropping out due to side effects. Of the 27 patients, 74.1% (N = 20) met criteria for melancholic features, 14.8% (N = 4) had delusions alone, 18.5% (N = 5) had hallucinations alone, and 66.7%(N = 18) reported both delusions and hallucinations. In addition, the overall rates of response for the intent-to-treat group were as follows:

depression response rate, 66.7% (N = 18); psychosis response rate, 59.3% (N = 16); psychotic depression response rate, 55.6% (N = 15); and psychotic depression remission rate, 40.7% (N = 11). Conclusion: The combination of olanzapine and fluoxetine appears to be a promising, safe, and effective treatment for psychotic depression. Double-blind studies are needed to confirm this impression.

AN 2003031917 EMBASE

TI An open study of olanzapine and fluoxetine for psychotic major depressive disorder: Interim analyses.

- AU Matthews J.D.; Bottonari K.A.; Polania L.M.; Mischoulon D.; Dording C.M.; Irvin R.; Fava M.
- CS jmatthews@partners.org
- SO Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, (2002) Vol. 63, No. 12, pp. 1164-1170. . Refs: 54

ISSN: 0160-6689 CODEN: JCLPDE

- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article
- FS 032 Psychiatry
  - 037 Drug Literature Index
    - 038 Adverse Reactions Titles
- LA English
- SL English
- ED Entered STN: 30 Jan 2003

Last Updated on STN: 30 Jan 2003

- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN DUPLICATE 2
- TI An open pilot study combining risperidone and a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor as initial antidepressant therapy.
- Background: Atypical antipsychotics such as risperidone or olanzapine have AB been reported to be effective when added to a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) in cases of depression in which treatment with an SSRI alone is not effective. It is possible that the combination of an SSRI and an atypical antipsychotic may be efficacious as an initial treatment for major depression. Method: Thirty-six subjects who fulfilled DSM-IV diagnostic criteria for major depressive disorder were given fluvoxamine, 50 or 75 mg/day, with risperidone, 0.5 or 1 mg/day, at the start of treatment. dose of fluvoxamine was increased to 100 or 150 mg/day on the fourth day of the treatment and maintained thereafter. Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) scores were obtained at baseline and every week for 6 weeks. Remission and response were defined, respectively, as ≥ 75% and 50%-74% reduction from baseline in HAM-D score. Results: Of 30 subjects who completed the 6-week study, 23 (76%) achieved remission, 5 (17%) achieved response, and 2 (7%) were nonresponsive. Of the 6 patients who did not complete the study, 3 showed remission, 1 showed response, and 2 showed minimal or no response by the time of dropout. The reported adverse effects were mild, and none of the 36 subjects enrolled in the

fluvoxamine from the beginning of antidepressant therapy enhances the therapeutic response rate in depression.

- AN 2002295786 EMBASE
- TI An open pilot study combining risperidone and a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor as initial antidepressant therapy.
- AU Hirose S.; Ashby Jr. C.R.
- CS Dr. S. Hirose, Fukui Prefectural Hospital, Center of Psychiatry and Neurology, 2-12-1 Yotsui Fukuishi, Fukui, Japan. shigehiro@p2422.nsk.ne.jp

study manifested or reported extrapyramidal symptoms, nausea, or vomiting. Conclusion: The results suggest that the combination of risperidone and

SO Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, (2002) Vol. 63, No. 8, pp. 733-736. Refs: 35

ISSN: 0160-6689 CODEN: JCLPDE

- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article
- FS 032 Psychiatry
  - 037 Drug Literature Index

```
038
            Adverse Reactions Titles
     English
LA
SL
    English
ED
     Entered STN: 13 Sep 2002
    Last Updated on STN: 13 Sep 2002
L5
    ANSWER 7 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights
    reserved on STN
                                                        DUPLICATE 3
ΤI
    Treatment strategies in achieving remission in major
    depressive disorder.
AR
    Objective: This paper discusses strategies for achieving remission in
    major depressive disorder, summarizing the
    results of comparative studies of various antidepressants. Method:
    Antidepressant efficacy was determined as either response or
    remission, measured using the Hamilton Depression Rating Scale, the
    Clinical Global Impressions scale and other widely used instruments.
    Results: Study results suggest an advantage to pharmacotherapy that
     interacts with more than one neurotransmitter system, either as single
    mixed-activity drugs (e.g. clomipramine, mirtazapine and venlafaxine
     extended-release) or combinations of medications that are individually
     specific for a single neurotransmitter system. Conclusion: Remission
     should be the goal of antidepressant therapy. Treatment
     strategies include increasing the dosage of the chosen
     antidepressant; switching to an antidepressant with a
     different mechanism of action; augmenting one antidepressant
    with another agent; or using combination therapy. A substantial body of
    data indicates that for a subset of depressed patients, activation of
    multiple neurotransmitter systems is beneficial in achieving remission.
AN
    2003050969 EMBASE
    Treatment strategies in achieving remission in major
TI
     depressive disorder.
    Kelsey J.E.
ΑU
    Dr. J.E. Kelsey, Georgia Inst. of Mood/Anxiety D., 7 Piedmont Center, 3525
CS
     Piedmont Road, Atlanta, GA 30325, United States. JEKelsey@bellsouth.net
SO
    Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, Supplement, (2002) Vol. 106, No. 415, pp.
     18-23. .
    Refs: 24
     ISSN: 0065-1591 CODEN: ASSUA6
CY
    Denmark
DT
     Journal; Conference Article
FS
     030
            Pharmacology
     032
            Psychiatry
     037
            Drug Literature Index
     038
            Adverse Reactions Titles
LA
    English
SL
    English
ED
    Entered STN: 7 Feb 2003
    Last Updated on STN: 7 Feb 2003
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
L5
      ANSWER 10 OF 12
                         PCTFULL
TIEN
      A METHOD OF TREATING BULIMIA NERVOSA AND RELATED EATING DISORDERS BY
      ADMINISTRATION OF ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDICATIONS
      TRAITEMENT DE LA BOULIMIE ET DE TROUBLES DE L'ALIMENTATION ASSOCIES PAR
TIFR
      ADMINISTRATION D'ANTIPSYCHOTIQUES ATYPIQUES
      The invention relates to a method of treating non-psychotic disorders by
ABEN
       administration of
        atypical antipsychotic medications, in particular,
      risperidone. More specifically, the invention
      relates to a method of treating the eating disorder Bulimia Nervosa and
      Bulimia-related eating
      disorders, by administration of antipsychotic medications from the group
      of compounds designated as
        atypical antipsychotic mediations. Typical dosage
       amounts may range from 0.1 milligrams to 4
```

milligrams per day and may be administered in any dosage forms known in

limited to oral, intramuscular, rectal, transdermal, sustained release forms, controlled release forms, delayed release forms, and response release forms. ABFR L'invention concerne un traitement de troubles non psychotiques par l'administration d'antipsychotiques atypiques, et notamment la risperidone. D'une maniere plus specifique, l'invention concerne un traitement de la boulimie et de troubles de l'alimentation lies a la boulimie par l'administration d'antipsychotiques du groupe des composes appeles antipsychotiques atypiques. La posologie typique va de 0,1 a 4 milligrammes par jour, le medicament pouvant se presenter sous toutes les formes galeniques actuellement connues, y compris, mais pas exclusivement, orale, intramusculaire, rectale, transdermique, a liberation prolongee, controlee, retardee ou modifiee. 2000054764 PCTFULL ED 20020515 AN A METHOD OF TREATING BULIMIA NERVOSA AND RELATED EATING DISORDERS BY TIEN ADMINISTRATION OF ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDICATIONS TIFR TRAITEMENT DE LA BOULIMIE ET DE TROUBLES DE L'ALIMENTATION ASSOCIES PAR ADMINISTRATION D'ANTIPSYCHOTIQUES ATYPIQUES GUADAGNO, Gina; IN STAR, Jodi, M. PΑ CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL RESEARCH FOUNDATION LΑ English DT Patent PΙ WO 2000054764 A2 20000921 DS AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK W: DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG WO 2000-US7127 AΙ A 20000317 PRAI US 1999-60/124,952 19990318 L5 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN Clozapine for the treatment of agitated-depressed patients with cognitive TI impairment: A report of three cases. Clozapine, an atypical antipsychotic, is mainly AB approved for the treatment of resistant schizophrenia. However, a substantial body of evidence suggests that it might be useful in other psychiatric indications, such as treatment-resistant depression, Parkinson's disease, and dementia. In this report we present the cases of three patients hospitalized at the psychiatric division of the Sheba Medical Center, diagnosed with major depressive disorder with cognitive impairment, whose presenting symptom was These patients were nonresponders to various treatment modalities. However, treatment with clozapine brought about a favorable response. AN 1998:452793 BIOSIS DNPREV199800452793 TI Clozapine for the treatment of agitated-depressed patients with cognitive impairment: A report of three cases. ΑU Nacasch, Nitza; Dolberg, Ornah T. [Reprint author]; Hirschmann, Schmuel; Dannon, Pinhas; Grunhaus, Leon J. CS Out-Patient Day Cent., Div. Psychiatry, Sheba Medical Cent., Ramat-Gan

Clinical Neuropharmacology, (March-April, 1998) Vol. 21, No. 2, pp.

the art, including, but not

52621, Israel

132-134. print.

SO

CODEN: CLNEDB. ISSN: 0362-5664.

DT Article

LA English

ED Entered STN: 21 Oct 1998

Last Updated on STN: 21 Oct 1998

=> s L2 and ((smoking(w)cessation) or (nicotine(w)(withdrawal or addiction)))
L6 80 L2 AND ((SMOKING(W) CESSATION) OR (NICOTINE(W)(WITHDRAWAL OR
ADDICTION)))

=> dup rem L6

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6

L7 80 DUP REM L6 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s L7 not py>2002

L8 6 L7 NOT PY>2002

=> d L8 1-6 ti

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

TI A placebo controlled trial of bupropion for smoking cessation in schizophrenia.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN

TI Methods for the treatment of neuroleptic and related disorders using sertindole derivatives

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN

TI Compositions and therapy for substance addiction

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 6 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

TIEN QUINUCLIDINE-SUBSTITUTED HETERO-BICYCLIC AROMATIC COMPOUNDS FOR THE TREATMENT OF DISEASE

TIFR COMPOSES AROMATIQUES HETERO-BICYCLIQUES SUBSTITUES PAR QUINUCLIDINE DANS LE TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 6 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

TIEN QUINUCLIDINES-SUBSTITUTED-MULTI-CYCLIC-HETEROARYLS FOR THE TREATMENT OF DISEASE

TIFR MULTI-HETEROARYLES CYCLIQUES SUBSTITUES PAR QUINUCLIDINES POUR LE TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 6 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

TIEN METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF NEUROLEPTIC AND RELATED DISORDERS USING SERTINDOLE DERIVATIVES

TIFR METHODES ET COMPOSITIONS DESTINEES AU TRAITEMENT DE TROUBLES NEUROLEPTIQUES ET ASSOCIES A L'AIDE DE DERIVES DE SERTINDOLE

## => d 18 1-6 ti abs bib

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

TI A placebo controlled trial of bupropion for smoking cessation in schizophrenia.

AB Background: Schizophrenic patients have high rates of cigarette smoking compared with the general population. We compared sustained-release (SR) bupropion with placebo for smoking cessation in patients with schizophrenic disorders. We also examined how antipsychotic class predicts smoking cessation outcomes with bupropion. Methods: Thirty-two subjects meeting DSM-IV criteria for schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder and nicotine dependence were randomized to bupropion SR (BUP, 300 mg/day) or placebo (PLA). Outcomes included treatment retention, smoking abstinence rates, expired breath carbon monoxide (CO) levels, psychotic symptoms, and medication side

effects. Results: Bupropion significantly increased trial endpoint 7-day point prevalence smoking abstinence rates compared with placebo (BUP, 8/16 (50.0%), PLA, 2/16 (12.5%); chi2 = 5.24, df = 1, p < .05), and reduced CO levels during the trial (Medication X Time interaction; Z = 3.09, p < .01). Positive schizophrenia symptoms were not altered by BUP, but negative symptoms were significantly reduced. Atypical antipsychotic drug treatment enhanced smoking cessation responses to BUP. Major side effects were dry mouth, gastrointestinal symptoms, headache, and insomnia. Conclusions: Our results suggest that 1) BUP enhances smoking abstinence rates compared with PLA in nicotine-dependent schizophrenic smokers; 2) BUP is well-tolerated and safe for use in these patients; and 3) atypical antipsychotics may enhance smoking cessation outcomes with BUP.

- AN 2002:424318 BIOSIS
- DN PREV200200424318
- TI A placebo controlled trial of bupropion for smoking cessation in schizophrenia.
- AU George, Tony P. [Reprint author]; Vessicchio, Jennifer C.; Termine, Angelo; Bregartner, Thomas A.; Feingold, Alan; Rounsaville, Bruce J.; Kosten, Thomas R.
- CS Department of Psychiatry, Connecticut Mental Health Center, Yale University School of Medicine, 34 Park Street, Room S-109, Substance Abuse Center, New Haven, CT, 06519, USA
- SO Biological Psychiatry, (July 1, 2002) Vol. 52, No. 1, pp. 53-61. print. CODEN: BIPCBF. ISSN: 0006-3223.
- DT Article
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 7 Aug 2002 Last Updated on STN: 7 Aug 2002
- L8 ANSWER 2 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Methods for the treatment of neuroleptic and related disorders using sertindole derivatives
- The invention relates to methods of administering pharmaceutical compositions and dosage forms comprising the sertindole derivatives nor-sertindole, 5-oxo-sertindole, dehydro-sertindole, and dehydro-nor-sertindol. The methods of the invention are directed to the treatment and prevention of neuroleptic and related disorders such as, psychotic disorders, depression, anxiety, substance addiction, memory impairment and pain.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- AN 2002:317437 USPATFULL
- TI Methods for the treatment of neuroleptic and related disorders using sertindole derivatives
- IN Jerussi, Thomas P., Framingham, MA, United States
- PA Sepracor Inc., Marlborough, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6489341 B1 20021203
- AI US 2000-580492 20000530 (9)
- PRAI US 1999-137447P 19990602 (60)
- DT Utility
- FS GRANTED
- EXNAM Primary Examiner: Spivack, Phyllis G.
- LREP Pennie & Edmonds, LLP
- CLMN Number of Claims: 37
- ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
- DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
- LN.CNT 1201
- CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
- L8 ANSWER 3 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
- TI Compositions and therapy for substance addiction
- AB Inhibitors of monoamine oxidase used in combination with an addictive substance, or a pharmacological derivative or analogue thereof, are

useful for the treatment of substance addiction disorders. In particular, the invention discloses compositions, and methods of use thereof, comprising selegiline and nicotine for the treatment of cigarette smokers wishing to abstain. The compositions and methods of use thereof include oral, inhalant, parenteral and transdermal patch modes of therapy, whereby the subject benefits from the combined effects of a monoamine oxidase inhibitor in combination with an addictive substance, or derivative thereof.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AN
       2002:32599 USPATFULL
TI
       Compositions and therapy for substance addiction
       Biberman, Roni, Tel-Aviv, ISRAEL
IN
PΤ
       US 2002019421
                         A1
                               20020214
       US 2001-898027
                               20010705 (9)
ΑI
                         A1
       US 2000-216366P
                          20000705 (60)
PRAI
       Utility
DТ
       APPLICATION
FS
       Eitan, Pearl, Latzer & Cohen-Zedek, One Crystal Park, Suite 210, 2011
LREP
       Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, 22202-3700
       Number of Claims: 66
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 2054
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
L8
       ANSWER 4 OF 6
                         PCTFULL
TIEN
       QUINUCLIDINE-SUBSTITUTED HETERO-BICYCLIC AROMATIC COMPOUNDS FOR THE
       TREATMENT OF DISEASE
       COMPOSES AROMATIQUES HETERO-BICYCLIQUES SUBSTITUES PAR QUINUCLIDINE DANS
TIFR
       LE TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES
       The invention provides compounds of Formula (I): wherein W<sp>0</sp> is
ABEN
       a bicyclic
       moiety and is (I). These compounds may be in the form of pharmaceutical
       salts or
       compositions, may be in pure enantiomeric form or racemic mixtures, and
       are useful
       to treat diseases or conditions in which α 7 is known to be
       involved.
       La presente invention concerne des composes de la formule (1), dans
ABFR
       laquelle W?O ¿ est un fragment bicyclique et est (1). Les
       composes
       de l'invention peuvent se presenter sous la forme de sels ou de
       compositions
       pharmaceutiques, sous une forme enantiomeriquement pure ou sous
       la forme de melanges racemiques, et ils sont utilises pour traiter
       des maladies ou des etats dans lesquels l'alpha7 est implique.
       2002100858 PCTFULL ED 20030102 EW 200251
AN
       QUINUCLIDINE-SUBSTITUTED HETERO-BICYCLIC AROMATIC COMPOUNDS FOR THE
TIEN
       TREATMENT OF DISEASE
       COMPOSES AROMATIQUES HETERO-BICYCLIQUES SUBSTITUES PAR QUINUCLIDINE DANS
TIFR
       LE TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES
       WALKER, Daniel, P., 9350 Highlandview Drive, Kalamazoo, MI 49009, US
IN
       [US, US];
       WISHKA, Donn, G., 1431 Northampton Road, Kalamazoo, MI 49006-1993, US
       [US, US];
       CORBETT, Jeffrey, W., 6427 Pepperidge Circle, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       RAUCKHORST, Mark, R., 3749 Tartan Circle, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       PIOTROWSKI, David, W., 3248 Lost Pine Way, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       GROPPI, Vincent, E., Jr., 318 Sprague Avenue, Kalamazoo, MI 49006, US
```

PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY, 301 Henrietta Street, Kalamazoo, MI 49001,

[US, US]

PΑ

```
US [US, US], for all designates States except US;
       WALKER, Daniel, P., 9350 Highlandview Drive, Kalamazoo, MI 49009, US
       [US, US], for US only;
       WISHKA, Donn, G., 1431 Northampton Road, Kalamazoo, MI 49006-1993, US
       [US, US], for US only;
       CORBETT, Jeffrey, W., 6427 Pepperidge Circle, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       US], for US only;
       RAUCKHORST, Mark, R., 3749 Tartan Circle, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       US], for US only;
       PIOTROWSKI, David, W., 3248 Lost Pine Way, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       US], for US only;
       GROPPI, Vincent, E., Jr., 318 Sprague Avenue, Kalamazoo, MI 49006, US
       [US, US], for US only
      HOSLEY, Mary, J., Global Intellectual Property, Pharmacia & Upjohn
AG
       Company, 301 Henrietta Street, Kalamazoo, MI 49001, US
      English
LAF
LΑ
      English
DT
       Patent
PΙ
       WO 2002100858
                            A2 20021219
DS
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ΑI
      WO 2002-US16570
                            A 20020606
      US 2001-60/297,629
PRAI
                               20010612
      US 2001-60/297,631
                               20010612
      US 2001-60/297,630
                               20010612
      US 2001-60/297,632
                               20010612
      US 2001-60/297,633
                               20010612
      US 2001-60/328,548
                               20011011
      US 2002-60/373,496
                               20020418
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
      ANSWER 5 OF 6
                         PCTFULL
L8
TIEN
       QUINUCLIDINES-SUBSTITUTED-MULTI-CYCLIC-HETEROARYLS FOR THE TREATMENT OF
       DISEASE
      MULTI-HETEROARYLES CYCLIQUES SUBSTITUES PAR QUINUCLIDINES POUR LE
TIFR
       TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES
       The invention provides compounds of Formula (I), where in W is. These
ABEN
       compounds may
      be in the form of pharmaceutical salts or compositions, racemic
       mixtures, or
      pure enantiomers thereof. The compounds of Formula (I) are useful in
      pharmaceuticals to
       treat diseases or conditions in which α 7 is known to be involved.
ABFR
       La presente invention concerne des composes de formule (I), dans
       laquelle
       W represente. Ces composes peuvent se presenter sous la forme
       de sels pharmaceutiques ou de compositions pharmaceutiques, de melanges
       racemiques,
       ou d'enantiomeres purs de ceux-ci. Les composes representes
      par la formule (I) sont utilises dans des produits pharmaceutiques pour
       traiter des maladies ou des affections dans lesquelles α7 est
       impliquee..
ΑN
       2002100857 PCTFULL ED 20030102 EW 200251
TIEN
       QUINUCLIDINES-SUBSTITUTED-MULTI-CYCLIC-HETEROARYLS FOR THE TREATMENT OF
      DISEASE
      MULTI-HETEROARYLES CYCLIQUES SUBSTITUES PAR QUINUCLIDINES POUR LE
TIFR
       TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES
IN
       WISHKA, Donn, G., 1431 Northampton Road, Kalamazoo, MI 49006-1993, US
```

[US, US];

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[US, US];
       PIOTROWSKI, David, W., 3248 Lost Pine Way, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       GROPPI, Vincent, E., Jr., 318 Spraque Avenue, Kalamazoo, MI 49006, US
       [US, US]
PΑ
       PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY, 301 Henrietta Street, Kakamazoo, MI 49001,
       US [US, US], for all designates States except US;
       WISHKA, Donn, G., 1431 Northampton Road, Kalamazoo, MI 49006-1993, US
       [US, US], for US only;
       REITZ, Steven, C., 5949 Larkwood Ct. Apt 3A, Kalamazoo, MI 49048, US
       [US, US], for US only;
       PIOTROWSKI, David, W., 3248 Lost Pine Way, Portage, MI 49024, US [US,
       US], for US only;
       GROPPI, Vincent, E., Jr., 318 Sprague Avenue, Kalamazoo, MI 49006, US
       [US, US], for US only
AG
       HOSLEY, Mary, J., Global Intellectual Property, Pharmacia & Upjohn
       Company, 301 Henrietta Street, Kalamazoo, MI 49001, US
       English
LAF
       English
LA
       Patent
DT
ΡI
       WO 2002100857
                            A1 20021219
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                     TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW
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       WO 2002-US16568
                            A 20020606
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       US 2001-60/297,710
PRAI
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       US 2001-60/297,708
                               20010612
       US 2001-60/297,712
                               20010612
       US 2001-60/297,711
                               20010612
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                               20010612
       US 2001-60/328,596
                               20011011
                               20020418
       US 2002-60/373,495
                         PCTFULL
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
       ANSWER 6 OF 6
L8
       METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF NEUROLEPTIC AND RELATED
TIEN
       DISORDERS USING SERTINDOLE DERIVATIVES
       METHODES ET COMPOSITIONS DESTINEES AU TRAITEMENT DE TROUBLES
TIFR
       NEUROLEPTIQUES ET ASSOCIES A L'AIDE DE DERIVES DE SERTINDOLE
       The invention relates to novel methods using, and pharmaceutical
ABEN
       compositions and dosage forms
       comprising, sertindole derivatives. Sertindole derivatives include, but
       are not limited to,
       nor-sertindole, 5-oxo-sertindole, dehydro-sertindole, and
       dehydro-nor-sertindole. The methods of the
       invention are directed to the treatment and prevention of neuroleptic
       and related disorders such as,
       but are not limited to, psychotic disorders, depression, anxiety,
       substance addiction, memory
       impairment and pain.
       La presente invention concerne des methodes utilisant des derives de
ABFR
       sertindole ainsi que des
       compositions pharmaceutiques et des formes de dosage les comprenant. Les
       derives de sertindole
       comprennent, de maniere non exclusive, le nor-sertindole, le
       5-oxo-sertindole, le
       dehydro-sertindole, et le dehydro-nor-sertindole. Les methodes de
       l'invention concernent, de maniere
       non exhaustive, le traitement et la prevention de troubles
```

REITZ, Steven, C., 5949 Larkwood Ct. Apt 3A, Kalamazoo, MI 49048, US

neuroleptiques et associes tels que les troubles psychotiques, la depression, l'anxiete, la toxicomanie, l'alteration de la memoire et la douleur.

ΑN 2000072837 PCTFULL ED 20020515

TIEN METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF NEUROLEPTIC AND RELATED DISORDERS USING SERTINDOLE DERIVATIVES

TIFR METHODES ET COMPOSITIONS DESTINEES AU TRAITEMENT DE TROUBLES NEUROLEPTIQUES ET ASSOCIES A L'AIDE DE DERIVES DE SERTINDOLE

IN JERUSSI, Thomas, P.RP : INSOGNA, Anthony, M.

PA SEPRACOR INC.

LA English

DT Patent

PΙ WO 2000072837 A2 20001207

DS W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

A 20000531 ΑI WO 2000-US14984 US 2000-09/580,492 20000530 PRAI 19990602 US 1999-60/137,447

=> s L2 and (cognitive(w) distortion)

2 L2 AND (COGNITIVE(W) DISTORTION)

=> d L9 1-2 ti

ANSWER 1 OF 2 USPATFULL on STN Ь9

Method of diagnosing, treating and educating individuals with and/or ΤI about depression

ANSWER 2 OF 2 COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN L9 PCTFULL

COMBINATION THERAPY FOR DEPRESSION, PREVENTION OF SUICIDE, AND VAROUS TIEN MEDICAL AND PSYCHIATRIC CONDITIONS

COMBINAISON DE THERAPIE POUR LA DEPRESSION, LA PREVENTION DU SUICIDE ET TIFR DIVERS TROUBLES MEDICAUX ET PSYCHIATRIQUES

### => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:12:00 ON 13 JUL 2006)

FILE 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CAPLUS, DDFB, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, IFIPAT, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPRODUCT, IPA, JICST-EPLUS, KOSMET, LIFESCI, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, NLDB, NUTRACEUT, PASCAL, ... 'ENTERED AT 14:12:24 ON 13 JUL 2006

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CAPLUS, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, IFIPAT, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPRODUCT, IPA, JICST-EPLUS, KOSMET, LIFESCI, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, NLDB, NUTRACEUT, ...' ENTERED AT 14:12:37 ON 13 JUL 2006

SEA ANTIDEPRESSANT AND (ATYPICAL(W)ANTIPSYCHOTIC)

- 25 FILE ADISCTI
- 5 FILE ADISINSIGHT
- 5 FILE ADISNEWS
- 144 FILE BIOSIS
- 11 FILE BIOTECHNO

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91
                  FILE CAPLUS
                  FILE DDFB
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                  FILE DISSABS
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                  FILE IFIPAT
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                  FILE IPA
                  FILE JICST-EPLUS
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                 FILE PHIN
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                 FILE SCISEARCH
            122
                 FILE TOXCENTER
                 FILE USPATFULL
            135
                 FILE USPAT2
             29
                 FILE DPCI
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                 FILE JAPIO
                 FILE PCTFULL
            115
             23 FILE PROUSDDR
             31 FILE WPIDS
                 FILE WPINDEX
L1
               QUE ANTIDEPRESSANT AND (ATYPICAL(W) ANTIPSYCHOTIC)
     FILE 'BIOSIS, EMBASE, MEDLINE, PASCAL, SCISEARCH, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL,
     PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 14:14:26 ON 13 JUL 2006
L2
          1823 S ANTIDEPRESSANT AND (ATYPICAL(W)ANTIPSYCHOTIC)
L3
           106 S L2 AND (MAJOR(W) DEPRESSIVE(W) DISORDER)
            23 S L3 NOT PY>2002
L4
L5
            12 DUP REM L4 (11 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
            80 S L2 AND ((SMOKING(W)CESSATION) OR (NICOTINE(W)(WITHDRAWAL OR
L6
L7
            80 DUP REM L6 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L8
            6 S L7 NOT PY>2002
L9
             2 S L2 AND (COGNITIVE (W) DISTORTION)
=> logoff
ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF
LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:y
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                                TOTAL
                                                     ENTRY
                                                              SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                     40.04
                                                              137.23
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STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 14:19:46 ON 13 JUL 2006

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 13 JUL 2006 HIGHEST RN 892505-73-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 13 JUL 2006 HIGHEST RN 892505-73-6

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=> s aripiprazole/cn

L1 1 ARIPIPRAZOLE/CN

=> d L1

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN RN 129722-12-9 REGISTRY

RN 129/22-12-9 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 05 Oct 1990

CN 2(1H)-Quinolinone, 7-[4-[4-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]butoxy]-3,4-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 7-[4-[4-(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]butoxy]-3,4-dihydrocarbostyril

CN Abilify

CN Abilitat

CN Aripiprazole

CN OPC 14597

CN OPC 31

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 156680-99-8 .

MF C23 H27 C12 N3 O2

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB\*, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, PATDPASPC, PHAR, PROMT, PROUSDDR, PS, RTECS\*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: WHO